



## Programmierung WS 2002 / 03: Musterlösung zum 4. Übungsblatt

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### Aufgabe 4.1: Last (8)

```
fun last xs = hd (rev xs)
```

Eine effizientere Lösung in bezug auf Laufzeit und Speicherverbrauch (Sie werden bald verstehen, warum) ist:

```
fun last (x::nil) = x
  | last (_::xr) = last xr
  | last nil     = raise Empty
```

### Aufgabe 4.2: Enum (8)

```
fun enum (m,n) = if m<=n then m::enum(m+1,n) else nil
```

### Aufgabe 4.3: Nth, Take, Drop (15 = 3 \* 5)

- (a) 

```
fun nth(xs,n) = if n<0 orelse null xs
                then raise Subscript
                else if n=0 then hd xs
                    else nth(tl xs, n-1)
```
- (b) 

```
fun take(xs,n) = if n=0 then nil
                 else if n<0 orelse null xs
                    then raise Subscript
                    else hd xs :: take(tl xs, n-1)
```
- (c) 

```
fun drop(xs,n) = if n=0 then xs
                 else if n<0 orelse null xs
                    then raise Subscript
                    else drop(tl xs, n-1)
```

### Aufgabe 4.4: Max (10)

```
fun max xs = if null xs then raise Empty
             else foldl (fn (x,m) => if x<=m then m else x)
                   (hd xs) (tl xs)
```

### Aufgabe 4.5: Member (15 = 3 \* 5)

- (a) 

```
fun member x nil      = false
  | member x (y::yr) = x=y orelse member x yr
```
- (b) 

```
fun member x = List.exists (fn y => x=y)
```
- (c) 

```
fun member x = foldl (fn (y,b) => x=y orelse b) false
```

### Aufgabe 4.6: Count (10)

```
fun count y = foldl (fn (x,n) => if x=y then n+1 else n) 0
```

### Aufgabe 4.7: Dezimaldarstellung (10 = 2 \* 5)

- (a) `fun dec x = if x<10 then [x] else dec(x div 10) @ [x mod 10]`  
(b) `fun int ds = foldl (fn (d,x) => 10*x+d) 0 ds`

**Aufgabe 4.8: Permutationen (4)**

```
fun perm (xs,ys) = sort xs = sort ys
```

**Aufgabe 4.9: Partition (10 = 2 \* 5)**

- (a) `fun partition x nil = (nil, nil)`  
`| partition x (y::yr) = let`  
 `val (us,vs) = partition x yr`  
`in`  
 `if y<x then (y::us, vs)`  
 `else (us, y::vs)`  
`end`
- (b) `fun partition x = foldl (fn (y, (us,vs)) =>`  
 `if y<x then (y::us, vs)`  
 `else (us, y::vs))`  
`(nil,nil)`

**Aufgabe 4.10: Quicksort (10)**

```
fun qsort nil = nil
  | qsort (x::xs) = let
    val (us,vs) = partition x xs
  in
    qsort us @ [x] @ qsort vs
  end
```