

## Assignment 10 Semantics, WS 2009/10

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Hand in by 11.59am, Tuesday, January 19

Send your solutions to Exercise 10.2 in a file named lastname.v to doczkal@ps.uni-sb.de. Make sure that the entire file compiles without errors. You can find a template file on the course webpage.

**Recommended reading:** Chapter 5 of the lecture notes.

## Exercise 10.1 (Hoare logic)

- a) Make sure that you can state the evaluation rules and Hoare rules for IMP.
- b) Show that the following variant of the rule for assignment is *not* correct:

$$\{p\}X := a\{\lambda\sigma. p(\sigma[X := \llbracket a \rrbracket \sigma])\}$$

## Exercise 10.2 (Hoare logic in Coq)

a) State and prove the conjunction rule in Coq.

b) State and prove the disjunction rule in Coq.

$$\frac{\{p\} c \{q\} \qquad \{p'\} c \{q'\}}{\{\lambda \sigma. p \sigma \vee p' \sigma\} c \{\lambda \sigma. q \sigma \vee q' \sigma\}}$$

**Exercise 10.3 (Product)** Consider the following annotated IMP program mult that multiplies X and Y by iterated addition:

```
\{\lambda\sigma.\ \sigma\,X = x \ \land \ \sigma\,Y = y\} P := 0;
N := 1;
\{Inv\} while (N<=X) do
P := P+Y; N := N+1
\{\lambda\sigma.\,\sigma\,P = x\cdot y\}
```

Give a suitable loop invariant *Inv*, and use the Hoare rules to prove the triple

$$\{\lambda \sigma. \ \sigma \ X = x \land \sigma \ Y = y\}$$
  $mult\{\lambda \sigma. \ \sigma \ P = x \cdot y\}$ 

for any  $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$ .

**Exercise 10.4 (Factorial)** Consider the following annotated IMP program *fact* that computes the factorial of X:

```
 \{\lambda\sigma.\ \sigma\,X = n\,\wedge\,\sigma\,Y = 1\}   \{Inv\}  while (X>0) do  Y := X*Y;   X := X-1   \{\lambda\sigma.\,\sigma\,Y = n!\,\}
```

Give a suitable loop invariant *Inv*, and use the Hoare rules to prove the triple

$$\{\lambda \sigma. \ \sigma X = n \land \sigma Y = 1\} fact\{\lambda \sigma. \sigma Y = n!\}$$

for any  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

**Exercise 10.5 (Euclid)** Consider the following annotated IMP program *euclid* that computes the greatest common divisor (gcd) of N and M:

```
 \{ \lambda \sigma. \ \sigma \ M = m \ \land \ \sigma \ N = n \}   \{ Inv \}  while not(M=N) do if (M<=N) then N := N-M else M := M-N  \{ \lambda \sigma. \ \sigma \ M = gcd(n,m) \}
```

Give a suitable loop invariant *Inv*, and use the Hoare rules to prove the triple

$$\{\lambda \sigma. \ \sigma M = m \land \sigma N = n\} \ euclid \{\lambda \sigma. \ \sigma M = gcd(n, m)\}$$

for all  $n, m \in \mathbb{N}$  with n > 0 and m > 0.

You may use the following facts for positive numbers n and m:

- gcd(n,m) = gcd(m,n),
- gcd(n,m) = gcd(n-m,m) if n > m,
- gcd(n, n) = n.