

# Formalizing Stream-Calculus in Coq

## Corecursion Revised

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  - Streams
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  - Causality
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# Previously on theory — streams

$$\underbrace{s_0}_{\text{head}}, \underbrace{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6, \dots}_{\text{tail}}$$

## Destructors

$$\text{head } (\cdot)_0 : \text{Stream} \rightarrow T$$

$$\text{tail } (\cdot)' : \text{Stream} \rightarrow \text{Stream}$$

## Implementation

$$\text{Stream } T := \mathbb{N} \rightarrow T$$

## Differential equation

$$s_0 = 0$$

$$s' = s$$

# Previously on theory — equality

## Equality

$$(a = b) := a_0 = b_0 \wedge a' = b' \quad (\leftrightarrow \forall n, a_n = b_n)$$

$$(a =_n b) := a_0 = b_0 \wedge a' =_{n-1} b' \quad (\leftrightarrow \forall n' < n, a_{n'} = b_{n'})$$

# Previously on theory — causality

## Example differential equations

①  $u_0 := 0$

$$u' := u$$

②  $v_0 := 0$

$$v' := v''$$

③  $w_0 := 0$

$$w' := w' + 1$$

# Previously on theory — causality

## Example differential equations

- 1  $u_0 := 0$   
 $u' := u$   $tc_u(s) = s$
- 2  $v_0 := 0$   
 $v' := v''$   $tc_v(s) = s''$
- 3  $w_0 := 0$   
 $w' := w' + 1$   $tc_w(s) = s' + 1$

## Tail characterization of single stream

$tc : Stream \rightarrow Stream$

$tc\ s = s'$

# Previously on theory — causality

## Example differential equations

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- 3  $w_0 := 0$   
 $w' := w' + 1$   $tc_w(s) = s' + 1$

## Tail characterization of single stream

$tc : Stream \rightarrow Stream$

$tc s = s'$

## Causality

$\forall a_1 =_n a_2 \rightarrow tc a_1 =_n tc a_2$

# Previously on implementation — corec

## Tail characterization of operations

$$tc : X \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream$$
$$tc \ x \ o = (o \ x)'$$



# Previously on implementation — corec

## Tail characterization of operations

$$tc : X \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream$$
$$tc \ x \ o = (o \ x)'$$

## Causality

$$\forall n, i : \forall a_1, a_2, (\forall x, a_1 \ x =_n a_2 \ x) \rightarrow tc \ i \ a_1 =_n tc \ i \ a_2$$

# Previously on implementation — corec

## Tail characterization of operations

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## Corecursion

$$h : (X \rightarrow T)$$
$$tc : X \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream$$
$$corec \ h \ tc : X \rightarrow Stream$$

## $tc$ causal

$$(corec \ h \ tc \ x)_0 = h \ x$$
$$(corec \ h \ tc \ x)' = tc \ x \ (corec \ h \ tc)$$

## Previously on theory — special streams

## Streams

$$0_0 := 0 \qquad 0 = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \dots)$$

$$0' := 0$$

$$[t]_0 := t \qquad [t] = (t, 0, 0, 0, 0, \dots)$$

$$[t]' := 0$$

$$1 := [1] \qquad 1 = (1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \dots)$$

$$X_0 := 0 \qquad X = (0, 1, 0, 0, 0, \dots)$$

$$X' := 1$$

## Previously on theory — ring

## Addition

$$(a + b)_0 := a_0 \oplus b_0$$

$$(a + b)' := (a') + (b')$$

## Subtraction

$$(-a)_0 := -(a_0)$$

$$(-a)' := -(a')$$

## Multiplication

$$(a \times b)_0 := a_0 \otimes b_0$$

$$(a \times b)' := a_0 \times b' + a' \times b$$

$$s = s_0 + X \times s'$$

## Division

$$(s^{-1})_0 := (s_0)^{-1}$$

$$(s^{-1})' := -s' \times ([s_0] \times s)^{-1}$$

# Corecursion with general input

## Type

$$h : X \rightarrow T$$

$$tc : \underbrace{X}_{\text{input}} \rightarrow \underbrace{(X \rightarrow Stream)}_{\text{recursive input}} \rightarrow Stream$$

$$\text{corec } h \text{ } tc : X \rightarrow Stream$$

## $tc$ causal

- corec converges
- $(\text{corec } h \text{ } tc \ x)' = tc \ x \ (\text{corec } h \text{ } tc)$

## Causality

$\forall i :$

$$\forall a_1, a_2 : (\forall x : a_1 \ x =_n a_2 \ x) \rightarrow$$

$$tc \ i \ a_1 =_n tc \ i \ a_2$$

# Corecursion with specific Types

Type

$$h : (I \rightarrow T) \rightarrow T$$
$$tc : \underbrace{(I \rightarrow Stream)}_{\text{input}} \rightarrow \underbrace{((I \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream)}_{\text{recursive input}} \rightarrow Stream$$
$$\text{corec } h \text{ } tc : (I \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream$$

# Corecursion with specific Types

## Type

$$h : (I \rightarrow T) \rightarrow T$$

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$$\text{corec } h \text{ } tc : (I \rightarrow Stream) \rightarrow Stream$$

## Causality

$$\forall i_1, i_2 : (\forall y : i_1 y =_{(n+1)} i_2 y) \rightarrow$$

$$\forall a_1, a_2 : (\forall x_1, x_2 : (\forall y : x_1 y =_n x_2 y) \rightarrow a_1 x_1 =_n a_2 x_2) \rightarrow$$

$$tc \ i_1 \ a_1 =_n \ tc \ i_2 \ a_2$$

## Corecursion with specific Types

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$$tc \ i_1 \ a_1 =_n \ tc \ i_2 \ a_2$$

 $tc$  causal

- corec converges
- $(\text{corec } h \text{ } tc \ x)' = tc \ x \ (\text{corec } h \text{ } tc)$
- corec  $h \text{ } tc$  causal



# Framework — Summary

- corec h tc
- tc causal
  - $(\text{corec } h \text{ } tc \ x)' = tc \ x (\text{corec } h \text{ } tc)$
  - $(\text{corec } h \text{ } tc)$  causal
- $=_n$ -Rewriting and Properness
- Ring tactic familiy

# Squareroot

## Characterization

$$\sqrt{s} \times \sqrt{s} = s$$

$$(\sqrt{s})_0 = \sqrt{(s_0)} =: h$$

$$(\sqrt{s})' = \frac{s'}{[\sqrt{s_0}] + \sqrt{s}} =: t$$

## Corecursive definition

$$\sqrt{s} = \text{corec } h \ t \ s$$

# Catalan numbers

## Definition as sequence

$$C_0 = 0$$

$$C_1 = 1$$

$$C_{n+2} = \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} C_k \cdot C_{n+2-k} = \sum_{k=0}^n C_{k+1} \cdot C_{n-k+1}$$

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## Definition as stream

$$cat_0 = 0$$

$$cat_1 = 1 =: h$$

$$cat'' = cat' \times cat' =: t$$

# Catalan numbers

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## Definition as stream

$$cat_0 = 0$$

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# Catalan numbers

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## Definition as stream

$$cat_0 = 0$$

$$cat_1 = 1 =: h$$

$$cat'' = cat' \times cat' =: t$$

$$cat = \text{corec } h \ t$$

## Closed formular

$$cat = X + cat \times cat$$

$$cat = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4X}}{2}$$

## Next steps and further work

- Shorter proofs: AC-rewriting and more automation
- Formalize ring based on shuffle product (multiplication wrt. exponential generating functions) using corecursion
- Make simultaneous use of both ring structures (convolution and shuffle product).

## Further Reading

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- ▶ J. J. M. M. Rutten.  
*A coinductive calculus of streams*.  
2002.
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*generatingfunctionology*.  
Academic Press, 1990.



## Characterization

$$(1 + X \times s) \times (1 + X \times s)^{-1} = 1$$

$$(1 + X \times s)_0^{-1} = 1$$

$$(1 + X \times s)_1^{-1} = -s_0 =: h$$

$$((1 + X \times s)^{-1})'' = -\frac{s}{((1 + X \times s)^{-1})'} - s' =: t$$

## Corecursive definition

$$((1 + X \times s)^{-1})' = \text{corec } h \ t \ s$$

$$(1 + X \times s)^{-1} = 1 + X \times ((1 + X \times s)^{-1})'$$

$$v^{-1} = ([v_0^{-1}] \times v)^{-1} \times [v_0^{-1}]$$

## Characterization

$$\sqrt{1 + X \times s} \times \sqrt{1 + X \times s} = 1 + X \times s$$

$$(\sqrt{1 + X \times s})_0 = 1$$

$$(\sqrt{1 + X \times s})_1 = \frac{s_0}{2} =: h$$

$$(\sqrt{1 + X \times s})'' = \frac{s'}{2} - \frac{s \times \sqrt{1 + X \times s}'}{4 + 2X \times \sqrt{1 + X \times s}'} =: t$$

## Corecursive definition

$$\sqrt{1 + X \times s}' = \text{corec } h \ t \ s$$

$$\sqrt{1 + X \times s} = 1 + X \times \sqrt{1 + X \times s}'$$

$$\sqrt{v} = \sqrt{[v_0^{-1}] \times v \times [\sqrt{v_0}]}$$