

Assignment 7 Semantics, WS 2009/10

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Hand in by 11.59am, Tuesday, December 15

Send your solutions in a file named <code>lastname.v</code> to <code>doczkal@ps.uni-sb.de</code>. Make sure that the entire file compiles without errors. You can find a template file on the course webpage.

Exercise 7.1 (Proof terms and proof scripts) Find proofs for the following propositions both in the form of proof terms (*exact*) and in the form of proof scripts with *intros* and *apply*.

```
a) \forall PQ : Prop_1(P \rightarrow P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow ((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow P) \rightarrow Q
```

b)
$$\forall PQRST : Prop, (Q \rightarrow R \rightarrow T) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow P \rightarrow R \rightarrow T$$

c)
$$\forall PQR : Prop, (P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R) \rightarrow P \rightarrow R$$

d)
$$\forall PQ : Prop, P \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \forall R, R) \rightarrow Q$$

Exercise 7.2 (Conjunction) Consider the definition

```
Inductive and (X Y: Prop) : Prop :=
| and_I : X -> Y -> and X Y.
```

- a) Give the types of and, and_I, and and_ind.
- b) Find proofs for the following propositions both in the form of proof terms with *exact* and in the form proof scripts with *intros* and *apply*.

```
(i) \forall XY : Prop, X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow and X Y
```

(ii) $\forall XY : Prop, and X Y \rightarrow X$

Exercise 7.3 (Disjunction) Consider the definition

```
Inductive or (X Y: Prop) : Prop :=
| or_L : X -> or X Y
| or_R : Y -> or X Y.
```

- a) Give the types of *or*, *or_L*, *or_R*, and *or_ind*.
- b) Find proofs for the following propositions both in the form of proof terms with exact and in the form proof scripts with *intros* and *apply*.

```
(i) \forall XY : Prop, X \rightarrow or X Y
```

(ii) $\forall XYZ : Prop, or X Y \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z) \rightarrow (Y \rightarrow Z) \rightarrow Z$

Exercise 7.4 (Classical tautologies) Coq defines *False* inductively:

```
Inductive False : Prop := .
```

This yields the following identifiers:

```
False : Prop
False_ind : forall P, False -> P
```

We define some propositions that are true classically.

```
Definition DN := forall P : Prop, \sim P \rightarrow P.

Definition Contra := forall P Q : Prop, (\sim P \rightarrow \sim Q) \rightarrow Q \rightarrow P.

Definition Peirce := forall P Q : Prop, ((P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow P) \rightarrow P.
```

While none of these propositions is provable constructively, they are all equivalent constructively. Find proofs for the following implications both in the form of proof terms (*exact*) and in the form of proof scripts with *intros* and *apply*.

- a) $DN \rightarrow Contra$
- b) $DN \rightarrow Peirce$
- c) $Contra \rightarrow DN$
- d) Contra → Peirce
- e) $Peirce \rightarrow DN$
- f) Peirce → Contra

Hints: Apply the premise of the implication as early as possible. A single application of the premise always suffices. For most examples *False_ind* is needed.