

Assignment 12 Semantics, WS 2009/10

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Recommended reading: Chapter 7 of the lecture notes.

Exercise 12.1 (Leibniz equality) Prove with natural deduction that Leibniz equality is reflexive.

Exercise 12.2 (Leibniz equality) Prove that Coq's predefined equality agrees with Leibniz equality.

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Definition eq (X:Type) (x y : X) : Prop :=
   forall p : X -> Prop, p x -> p y.

Lemma eq_agrees : forall (X : Type) (x y : X), eq X x y <-> x=y.
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Exercise 12.3 (Non-termination) Give a term s on which β -reduction does not terminate.

Exercise 12.4 (Bool) Give a term of type $\forall X : U_0$. $bool \rightarrow X \rightarrow X \rightarrow X$ that acts as conditional.

Exercise 12.5 (Sum types) Express sum types in CC_{ω} and in Coq. That is, give closed terms of the following types.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textit{sum} : \ U_0 \rightarrow U_0 \rightarrow U_0 \\ \textit{inl} : \ \forall X \colon\! U_0. \ \forall Y \colon\! U_0. \ X \rightarrow \textit{sum} X \, Y \\ \textit{inr} : \ \forall X \colon\! U_0. \ \forall Y \colon\! U_0. \ Y \rightarrow \textit{sum} X \, Y \\ \textit{case} : \ \forall X \colon\! U_0. \ \forall Y \colon\! U_0. \ \forall Z \colon\! U_0. \ \textit{sum} X \, Y \rightarrow (X \rightarrow Z) \rightarrow (Y \rightarrow Z) \rightarrow Z \end{array}
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Exercise 12.6 (Polymorphic lists) Express polymorphic lists in CC_{ω} and in Coq. That is, give closed terms of the following types.

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\begin{array}{l} \textit{list} \ : \ \textbf{U}_0 \rightarrow \textbf{U}_0 \\ \textit{nil} \ : \ \forall X \colon \textbf{U}_0. \ \textit{list} \ X \\ \textit{cons} \ : \ \forall X \colon \textbf{U}_0. \ X \rightarrow \textit{list} \ X \rightarrow \textit{list} \ X \\ \textit{foldl} \ : \ \forall X \colon \textbf{U}_0. \ \forall Y \colon \textbf{U}_0. \ (X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Y) \rightarrow Y \rightarrow \textit{list} \ X \rightarrow Y \\ \end{array}
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Exercise 12.7 (Predecessor) Express the predecessor function for *nat* in CC_{ω} and in Coq. Recall that the trick is to iterate through the pairs $(0,0),\ (1,0),\ (2,1),\ \ldots,\ (n,n-1)$.

Exercise 12.8 (Natrec) Express primitive recursion for *nat* in CC_{ω} and in Coq.